

PRECALCULUS ROTATED SYSTEMS

$$Ax^2 + Bxy + Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F = 0$$

$$\cot 2\phi = \frac{A-C}{B}, \quad 0 < \phi < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\cos \phi = \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos(2\phi)}{2}}$$

$$\sin \phi = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos(2\phi)}{2}}$$

$B^2 - 4AC > 0$	HYPERBOLA
$B^2 - 4AC = 0$	PARABOLA
$B^2 - 4AC < 0$	ELLIPSE

$$\left. \begin{aligned} X &= x' \cos \phi - y' \sin \phi \\ Y &= x' \sin \phi + y' \cos \phi \end{aligned} \right\} 0 < \phi < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} x &= X \cos \phi + Y \sin \phi \\ y &= -X \sin \phi + Y \cos \phi \end{aligned} \right\} 0 < \phi < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} X &= x' + h \\ Y &= y' + k \\ X' &= x - h \\ Y' &= y - k \end{aligned} \right\} \text{TRANSFORMATION FORMULAS}$$

$$A'(x')^2 + B'(x'y') + C'(y')^2 + D'(x) + E'(y) + F' = 0$$

← COEFFICIENTS OF CENTER IN A ROTATED SYSTEM

$$A' = A \cos^2 \phi + B \cos \phi \sin \phi + C \sin^2 \phi$$

$$B' = B \cos(2\phi) + (C-A) \sin(2\phi)$$

$$C' = C \cos^2 \phi - B \cos \phi \sin \phi + A \sin^2 \phi$$

$$D' = D \cos \phi + E \sin \phi$$

$$E' = E \cos \phi - D \sin \phi$$

$$F' = F$$

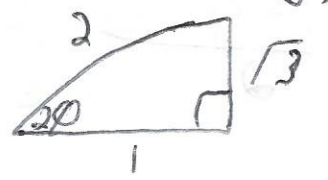
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$$2x^2 + \sqrt{3}xy + y^2 - 10 = 0$$

- A = 2
- B =  $\sqrt{3}$
- C = 1
- F = -10
- D = 0
- E = 0

$$\cos 2\phi = \frac{A-C}{B}$$

$$\cos 2\phi = \frac{2-1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$



$$\sin 2\phi = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\cos 2\phi = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(r')^2 + 1 = c^2$$

$$3 + 1 = c^2$$

$$4 = c^2$$

$$2 = c$$

$$\cos \phi = \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos 2\phi}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1 + \frac{1}{2}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{\frac{3}{2}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{3}{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\sin \phi = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos 2\phi}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{1}{2}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$A' = A \cos^2 \phi + B \cos \phi \sin \phi + C \sin^2 \phi$$

$$A' = 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^2 + \sqrt{3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + 1 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2$$

$$A' = 2 \left(\frac{3}{4}\right) + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow \frac{6}{4} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{10}{4} = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$B' = B \cos \phi \sin \phi + (C-A) \sin \phi \cos \phi$$

$$B' = \sqrt{3} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + (1-2) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

$$B' = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = 0$$

$$C' = C \cos^2 \phi - B \cos \phi \sin \phi + A \sin^2 \phi$$

$$C' = 1 \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^2 - \sqrt{3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + 2 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2$$

$$C' = \frac{3}{4} - \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$D' = D \cos \phi + E \sin \phi = 0$$

$$E' = E \cos \phi - D \sin \phi = 0$$

$$F' = F \rightarrow F' = -10$$

$$A' (x')^2 + B' (x'y') + C' (y')^2 + D' x' + E' y' + F' = 0$$

$$\frac{5}{2} (x')^2 + 0 (x'y') + \frac{1}{2} (y')^2 + 0 (x') + 0 (y') - 10 = 0$$

$$\frac{5}{2} (x')^2 + \frac{1}{2} (y')^2 - 10 = 0$$

$$5(x')^2 + 1(y')^2 - 20 = 0$$

$$5(x')^2 + (y')^2 = 20$$

$$\frac{(x')^2}{4} + \frac{(y')^2}{20} = 1$$

ELLIPSE